

| Probe 1 (Fluss Hunte) | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | 11,5 | KbE pro 100 ml |
| Carbapenemasen im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 3,4 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Carbapenemasen im Sediment | | |
| KPC-3 | 13,5 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 0,883 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| Escherichia coli | ESBL + 3MRGN | |
| Klebsiella pneumoniae | 3MRGN | |
| Citrobacter freundii | ESBL | |
| Klebsiella oxytoca | ESBL | |

| Probe 2 (Badestelle Zwischenahner Meer) | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | 2,7 | KbE pro 100 ml |
| Carbapenemasen im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | 38,7 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 2,51 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Carbapenemasen im Sediment | | |
| KPC-3 | 34,6 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 1,3 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 34 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 1,44 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 16,8 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 22,1 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 9,65 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 7630 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| Escherichia coli | ESBL + 3MRGN | |

Erörterung:

ESBL-Keime im Wasser: Bakterien, die gegen mind. zwei der vier Standard-Antibiotikaklassen resistent sind und die aus den Wasserproben im Labor herangezüchtet werden konnten. Gemessen wurden Bakterien verschiedener Gattungen (u.a. Enterobacter, Klebsiella, Pseudomonas, Acinetobacter). KbE ist eine Abkürzung für koloniebildende Einheiten. Einige gefundene Bakterien wurden näher bestimmt („Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien“). 3MRGN bzw. 4MRGN bedeutet, sie sind gegen drei bzw. vier Antibiotikaklassen resistent. Aus zwei Proben (Nr. 4+5) konnten keine Bakterien im Labor herangezüchtet werden. Es fanden sich aber überall Resistenz-Gene (wie die sog. Carbapenemasen). Bakterien mit diesen Genen sind resistent gegen bestimmte Antibiotika, etwa die Carbapeneme (wichtige Reserve-Mittel) (<NG = unter der der Nachweis-Grenze).

| Probe 3 (Fluss Soeste) | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | 15,8 | KbE pro 100 ml |
| Carbapenemase im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 2,03 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Carbapenemase im Sediment | | |
| KPC-3 | 70 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 22,5 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 7,72 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 6860 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 34,8 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 26,4 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| Escherichia coli | ESBL + 3MRGN + mcr-1 | |
| Klebsiella pneumoniae | 3MRGN | |
| Klebsiella oxytoca | 3MRGN | |
| Acinetobacter baumannii | ESBL | |

| Probe 4 (Bach) | | |
|--|------|----------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | <NG | KbE pro 100 ml |
| Carbapenemase im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Carbapenemase im Sediment | | |
| KPC-3 | 228 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 15,9 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 31,6 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 3,88 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 230 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| MCR-1 im Sediment | 652 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| | | |

| Probe 5 (Bach) | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | <NG KbE pro 100 ml | |
| Carbapenemasen im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | 74 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | <NG pro 10 ng DNA | |
| Carbapenemasen im Sediment | | |
| KPC-3 | 71,9 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | <NG pro 10 ng DNA | |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | <NG pro 10 ng DNA | |
| CTX-M-15 | 6,03 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 66,7 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 4,84 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | <NG pro 10 ng DNA | |
| TEM | 46,8 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| | <NG pro 10 ng DNA | |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| | | |

| Probe 6 (Badestelle Thülsfelder Talsperre) | | |
|--|-------------------|----------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | 6,6 | KbE pro 100 ml |
| Carbapenemasen im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | 21,4 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 7,7 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Carbapenemasen im Sediment | | |
| KPC-3 | 13,5 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 2,76 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 33,3 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 11,9 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 38,6 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 34,3 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 0,774 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | <NG pro 10 ng DNA | |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| | <NG pro 10 ng DNA | |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| Escherichia coli | ESBL | |
| Acinetobacter baumannii | ESBL | |

| Probe 7 (Fluss Soeste) | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | 68,5 | KbE pro 100 ml |
| Carbapenemasen im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | 7,51 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 9,57 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Carbapenemasen im Sediment | | |
| KPC-3 | 14,7 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 32,8 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 4,06 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 25,4 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 33,3 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 0,309 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 27,4 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| Escherichia coli | ESBL + 3MRGN | |
| Klebsiella pneumoniae | ESBL | |

| Probe 8 (Bach) | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | 46,3 | KbE pro 100 ml |
| Carbapenemasen im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Carbapenemasen im Sediment | | |
| KPC-3 | 16,1 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 33,4 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 3,32 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 62,5 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 35,4 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 25,2 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| Escherichia coli | ESBL + 3MRGN + mcr-1 | |
| Klebsiella pneumoniae | 3MRGN | |
| Acinetobacter baumannii | ESBL + 3MRGN | |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa | ESBL | |

| Probe 9 (Bach) | | |
|--|-------|----------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | 41,8 | KbE pro 100 ml |
| Carbapenemasen im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | 17,1 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Carbapenemasen im Sediment | | |
| KPC-3 | 11,4 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 0,4 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 30,4 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 14,4 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 82,9 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 33,1 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 55,6 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 320 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> | 4MRGN | |
| <i>Escherichia coli</i> | ESBL | |

| Probe 10 (Fluss Aller) | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | 44 | KbE pro 100 ml |
| Carbapenemasen im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | 27,2 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 1,86 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Carbapenemasen im Sediment | | |
| OXA-58 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| KPC-3 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 34,3 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 10,3 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 94,8 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 35,8 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| <i>Escherichia coli</i> | ESBL + 3MRGN | |
| <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> | ESBL | |

| Probe 11 (Kanalisation an Klinikum) | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | 8130 | KbE pro 100 ml |
| Carbapenemasen im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | 7,52 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 67500 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Carbapenemasen im Sediment | | |
| OXA-58 | NN | pro 10 ng DNA |
| KPC-3 | NN | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 120 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | 615 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 5180 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | NN | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | NN | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | NN | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| MCR-1 im Wasser | 32,9 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| Aeromonas hydrophila | extr. resistent | |
| Klebsiella oxytoca | 3MRGN | |

| Probe 12 (Fluss Hase) | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|
| ESBL-Keime im Wasser | 3870 | KbE pro 100 ml |
| Carbapenemasen im Wasser | | |
| KPC-3 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| OXA-58 | 32800 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Carbapenemasen im Sediment | | |
| OXA-58 | NN | pro 10 ng DNA |
| KPC-3 | NN | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Wasser | | |
| CTX-M-32 | 63,3 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | <NG | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | 2650 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| ESBL-Gene im Sediment | | |
| CTX-M-32 | NN | pro 10 ng DNA |
| CTX-M-15 | NN | pro 10 ng DNA |
| TEM | NN | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Colistin-Resistenz | | |
| MCR-1 im Wasser | 53,1 | pro 10 ng DNA |
| Nachgewiesene multiresistente Bakterien | | |
| Aeromonas hydrophila | extr. resistent | |
| Enterobacter cloacae complex | 4MRGN | |
| Escherichia coli | ESBL + 3MRGN | |
| Klebsiella pneumoniae | 3MRGN | |
| Klebsiella oxytoca | 3MRGN | |
| Pseudomonas putida | ESBL | |
| Ochrobactum antropi | ESBL | |
| Achromobacter xylosoxidans | ESBL | |